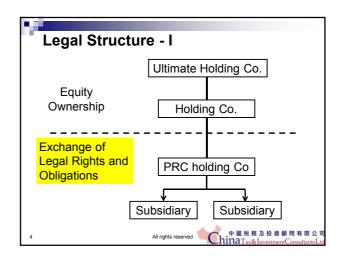
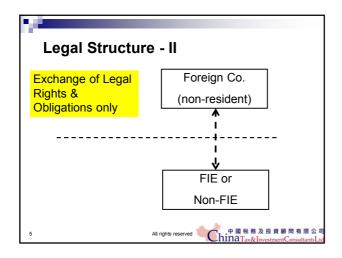
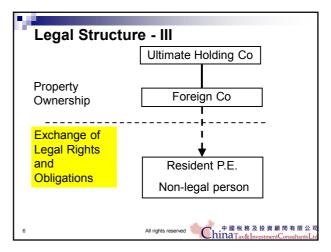


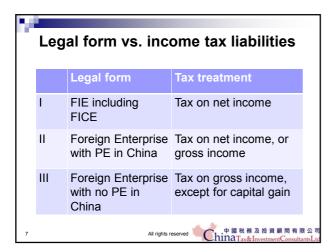


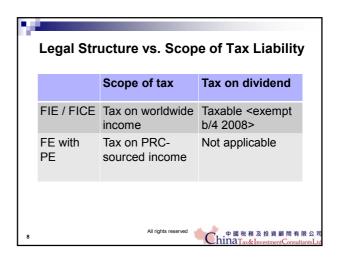
PRC Company Law and Foreign Investment Enterprise laws a) Where the FIE law and the Company laws overlap or cover the same issues, the provisions of the FIE law shall take precedence. b) Some provisions that don't exist in FIE law will not concern the foreign investors (State owned enterprises); c) Some provisions that don't exist in FIE law shall apply to the FIE (i.e. supervising board).













Legal form of business in China

■ State owned enterprise, privately owned enterprise, foreign investment enterprise

■ Sole proprietor, partnership, private company, public company, unlisted and listed companies

Similarity between Company and Enterprise

- Both company and enterprise use organizational hierarchy and authority as substitute for price mechanism in market. (The Nature of the firm, Ronald Coase 1937)
- A PRC company is a legal person, while an enterprise can also be a legal person.
- The PRC Company Law shall apply to both entities, The provisions in the FIE law shall take precedence over the CL. (Article 218)

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Difference between company and enterprise

The following legal rules (the FIE laws) apply to foreign investors:

- EJV Law
- CJV Law
- WFOE Law
- * Foreign investors may set up companies in China with a share capital. See MOFTEC decree no. 1 (1995)

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Difference between company and enterprise

- A joint venture must provide for a <u>period of business operation</u>.
- The BOD is the highest authority for the EJV.
- The EJV or CJV agreement is a must.

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Difference between company and enterprise

- A CJV may not be a legal person.
- A company must be a legal person. (but a sole proprietor business or a partnership is called "enterprise" in China)

Organization structure - 1

- Board composition for EJV and CJV: EJV law and CJV law
- Board composition for WFOE: Company Law

Organization structure - 2 WFOE PRC Co. Law BOD 3 - 13Art. 45 Term of office 3 years Art. 46 (director) Supervising => 3 Art. 52 board Term of office 3 years Art. 53 (SB)

Organization Structure – 3 (alternative)

| | WFOE | PRC Co. Law |
|----------------|---------|-------------|
| MD | 1 | Art. 51 |
| Term of office | 3 years | Art. 46 |
| Supervisor | 1 | Art. 52 |
| Term of office | 3 years | Art. 53 |

FICE

- Foreign Invested Commercial Enterprise (FICE): a FICE can do wholesale and retail business, <u>franchise</u>, or acting as commission agent.
- A FICE can be an EJV, a CJV or a WFOE.
- Legal rule: Administrative Order of MOFCOM (2004) No. 8

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Comparing a domestic and foreign funded company (1)

- Source of funding
- Foreign ownership no less than 25%
- PRC nationals cannot own equity in a JV in personal capacity (except for the case where a domestic company sells most of its shares to foreign investors, the minority shareholders can be PRC nationals.)



Comparing a domestic and foreign funded company - 2

The FIE should contribute capital in foreign currency. With approval from SAFE, foreign investor can contribute capital in RMB:

- (1) Reserves, retained profits, dividend payable and accrued interests by FIE;
- (2) Foreign currency loans, previously duly registered at the SAFE;
- (3) Funds obtained from the transfer of equity in FIE, the return of capital or reduction of capital in FIE.

See Hui Fa [2003] No. 30, SAFE, PRC

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Form of capital and capital contributions

- Cash and non-cash capital
- Non-cash capital: LUR and property, machinery, inventory, IPR, non-patent technology; all of these should be valued by asset appraisal agent.
- Cash capital consists of no less than 30% of total amount of registered capital.

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Capital paid by installments - FIE

- by Installments: 1st installment =>15% within 3 months from issue of BL, balances payable within 2 years;
- One-off payment: 6 months from issue date of BL

SAIC decree: 外企字 Waiqizi [2006] No. 81

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Minimum capital

- Registered capital (C) + Loan (L) = Total investment (A)
- Capital Structure: the ratio of total amount of investment and equity (paid up capital)

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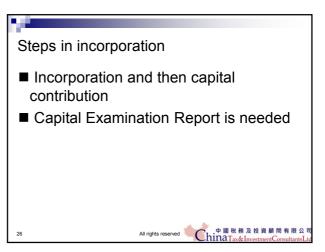
FIE - Minimum capital requirements (USD)
Capital / total investment ratio

Amount of total and anount of registered capital

10 / 7 =< 2.1 million
2 times Between 2.1 M and 5 M
2.5 times Between >5M and 12M
3 times >12M

By MOFCOM Decree (2009) No. 6

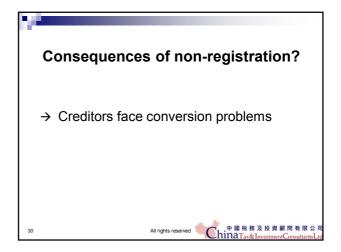










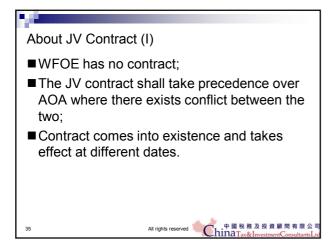


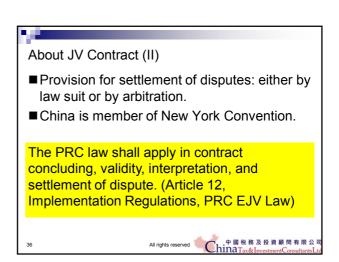




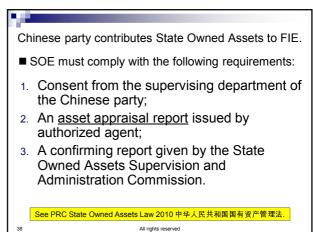
Scope of business — Foreign investment? PRC State Council: Policy for Guiding Foreign Investment National Development and Reform Commission (the NDRC): Catalogue for Guiding Foreign Investment in Industries: prohibited category, restricted category, encouraged category (permitted category not listed), See 2010 edition. 100% foreign ownership is not allowed for projects under restricted category











Disposal of SOA or change in percentage of state owned equity in JV

The same procedure for asset appraisal by authorized agent shall be followed.

Articles of Association

1. AOA must include legally specified contents (i.e. Merger & acquisitions, increase in capital, winding up, etc)

2. (a) Business that requires the approval of all board members (i.e. amendment to AOA), (b) Business that only requires the approval by majority of the board members.



Company name structure:

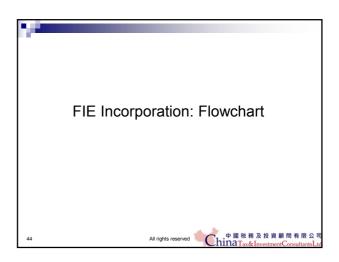
City + Firm name + Industry + Legal form 广州市 大大 钟表配件制造 有限公司 (Or)

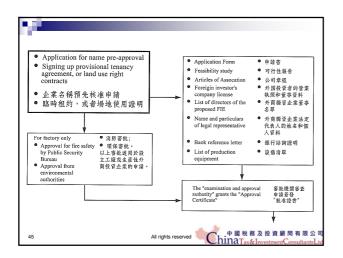
firm name + Industry + (City) + Legal form 大大 钟表配件制造(广州) 有限公司

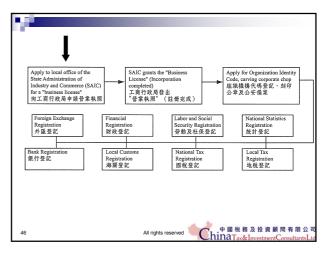
Place of principal business

It should be located in the city over which the local SAIC office has jurisdiction.

| Incorporation of FIE | | | |
|----------------------|---|---|--|
| | Investment direction | Refer to <catalogue for="" foreign="" guiding="" in="" industry="" investment=""></catalogue> | |
| | Capacity to form a JV | PRC nationals in general have no such capacity | |
| | Set-up procedure | Requirement to obtain administrative approval | |
| | JV agreement and AOA | Should adopt prescribed / mandatory contents | |
| | Composition of BOD | EJV and CJV law shall apply | |
| | Capital: currency, | Legal requirement for structure | |
| , | structure, and contribution | Follow the time frame either by installment or one-off | |
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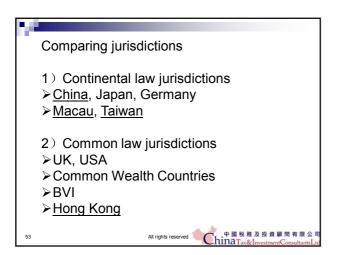


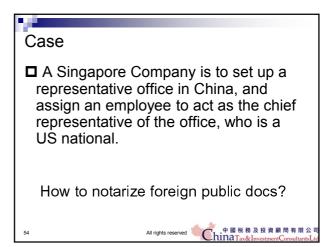


Before setting up an FIE Signing of lease agreement Notarization of Investor's company documents Preparing application documents, with feasibility study report, JV contracts and Articles of Association Obtaining pre-approval for special industries before approval for setting up FIE









Notarization requirement: FIE incorporation; subsequent changes of particulars for the foreign investor; merger & acquisition

◆ Notice jointly issued by SAIC, Ministry of Commerce, General Administration of Customs, SAFE under administrative order (2006) No. 81

Incorporation Date After obtaining approval, foreign investor should apply for the business license within 30 days. The FIE comes into existence on the day the BL is granted. Article 12: Implementation Reg.

Acquisition Date What is the acquisition date if the foreign investor buys an existing company or FIE? Date of amended business license or date of acquisition contract?

